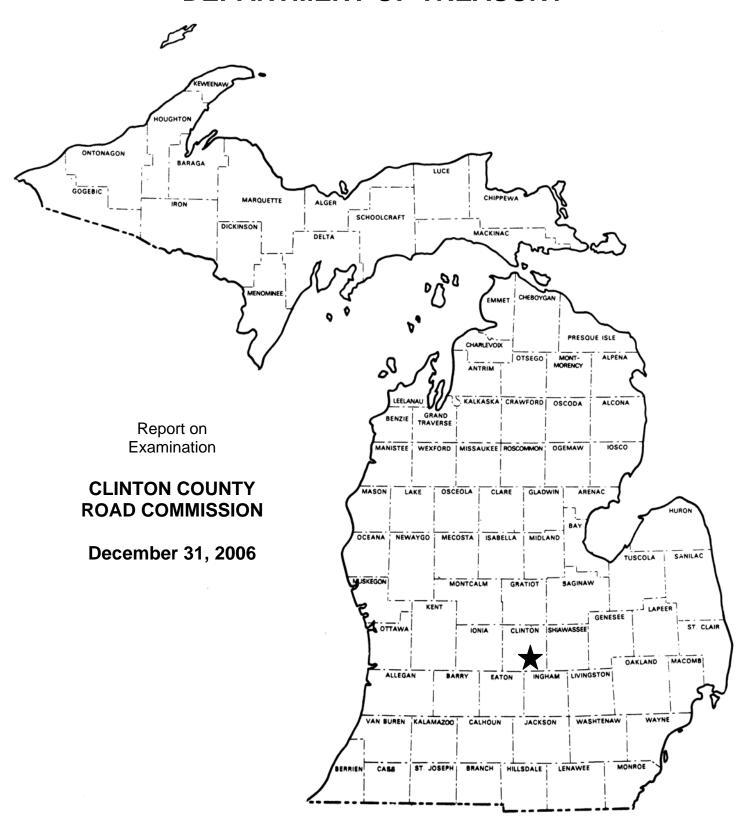
STATE OF MICHIGAN JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM, Governor DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY



Local Audit and Finance Division
Bureau of Local Government Services

BOARD OF COUNTY ROAD COMMISSIONERS

Donald J. Sisung Chairman

Russel Bauerle Vice Chairman Francis Trierweiler Member

Michael M. Nobach Managing Director Daniel Armentrout County Highway Engineer

Patricia E. Wysong Director of Finance/Clerk

COUNTY POPULATION--2000 64,753

STATE EQUALIZED VALUATION--2006 \$3,010,358,205



JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM
GOVERNOR

ROBERT J. KLEINE STATE TREASURER

March 5, 2007

Clinton County Road Commission Board of County Road Commissioners 3535 South US 27 St. Johns, Michigan 48879

Independent Auditor's Report

Dear Commissioners:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Clinton County Road Commission, a component unit of Clinton County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Road Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Clinton County Road Commission as of December 31, 2006 and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 5, 2007 on our consideration of the Clinton County Road Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on

Clinton County Road Commission March 5, 2007 Page 2

compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 9 and the budget comparison information in Exhibits G and H are not part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clinton County Road Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary and related information presented as Exhibits I through K is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements, taken as a whole.

Cary Jay Vaughn, CPA, CGFM

Audit Manager

150-16

Local Audit and Finance Division

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Using this Annual Report

Our discussion and analysis of Clinton County Road Commission's financial performance provides an overview of the Road Commission's financial activities for the calendar year ended December 31, 2006. This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Road Commission and present a longer-term view of their finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Road Commission's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts--Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an additional section that presents the operating fund broken down between primary, local and county funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Road Commission:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Road Commission's overall financial status. These statements report information about the Road Commission, as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the Road Commission's net assets and how they have changed. "Net assets" is the difference between the assets and liabilities--this is one way to measure the Road Commission's financial health or position.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual funds, reporting the operations in more detail than the government wide-statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Reporting the Road Commission as a Whole

Government-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Road Commission, as a whole, and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether the Road Commission, as a whole, is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Road Commission's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two statements, mentioned above, report the Road Commission's net assets and how they have changed. The reader can think of the Road Commission's net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) as one way to measure the Road Commission's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Road Commission's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the Road Commission you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the county's property tax base, the condition of the Road Commission's roads and changes in the law related to the gas taxes and its distribution.

Fund Financial Statements

The Road Commission has only one fund, the General Operations Fund, which is a governmental fund type.

The Governmental Fund focuses on how money flows into and out of this fund and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Road Commission's general governmental operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental Fund information helps the reader to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Road Commission's services. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and the Governmental Fund in a reconciliation following the Fund Financial Statements.

Financial Analysis of the Road Commission as a Whole

The Road Commission's net assets increased from \$52,837,768 to \$55,538,039 for the year ended December 31, 2006. The net assets and change in net assets are summarized below:

Net Assets

Restricted net assets are those net assets that have constraints placed on them by either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purpose stipulated in the legislation. As such, all assets (except for assets invested in capital assets-net of related debt) are considered restricted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The increase in capital assets was due to an increase of \$147,529 for subdivision road right-of-way accepted into the public road system, \$302,274 in land improvement expenditures on the road system, and \$2,425,789 in net addition to the infrastructure system.

The increase in noncurrent liabilities was due to a \$980 decrease in state trunkline advances for maintenance, \$7,500 decrease in the Piggott Pit gravel purchase contract, and \$48,748 increase in the vested employee benefits payable for 2006.

Net assets as of year ended December 31, 2006 compared to the prior year follows:

| | | | Variance | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| | 2005 | 2006 | Increase | 0/ |
| | 2005 | 2006 | (Decrease) | <u></u> % |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ 4,905,724 | \$ 5,053,432 | \$ 147,708 | 3.01% |
| Net Capital Assets | 49,323,267 | 51,904,268 | 2,581,001 | 5.23% |
| Total Assets | 54,228,991 | 56,957,700 | 2,728,709 | 5.03% |
| Current Liabilities | 402,436 | 388,646 | (13,790) | -3.43% |
| Long-Term Liabilities | 988,787 | 1,031,015 | 42,228 | 4.27% |
| Total Liabilities | 1,391,223 | 1,419,661 | 28,438 | 2.04% |
| Net Assets | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets | | | | |
| Net of Related Debt | 49,323,267 | 51,904,268 | 2,581,001 | 5.23% |
| Restricted | 3,514,501 | 3,633,771 | 119,270 | 3.39% |
| Total Net Assets | \$52,837,768 | \$55,538,039 | \$2,700,271 | 5.11% |

Changes in Net Assets

The net increase in total revenue was due to a \$25,645 decrease in permit applications, a \$1,673,266 increase in Federal grants and a \$44,540 decrease in State grants related to Federal/State funded projects, a \$804,451 increase in contributions from local units from an increase in township participation in projects, a \$300,742 decrease in charges for services related to decreased trunkline maintenance expenditures, a \$102,472 increase in investment earnings related to increased interest rates and an increased cash balance due to the establishment of a building fund and discretionary fund, and a \$1,948,708 decrease in private contributions related to a decrease in subdivision roads constructed and accepted into the public road system.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The net increase in total expenses was due to a \$366,052 decrease in road maintenance costs primarily attributable to routine maintenance work, a \$255,655 decrease in state trunkline maintenance costs, a \$392,509 increase in net equipment expense related to depreciation, a \$119,850 increase in administrative expense due mainly to increased retirement expense, a \$62,411 decrease in infrastructure depreciation due to decreased road work performed that is classified as infrastructure assets, a \$22,509 decrease in work for other agency cost mainly attributable to less work performed for the county, and a \$4,354 decrease in drainage district due to a decrease in the county at-large drain assessment.

A summary of changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2006 compared to the prior year follows:

| | 2005 | 2006 | Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance | Variance |
|---|---------------|--------------|--|----------|
| Program Revenue | | | | |
| License and Permits | \$ 104,710 | \$ 79,065 | \$ (25,645) | -24.49% |
| Federal Grants | 712,876 | 2,386,142 | 1,673,266 | 234.72% |
| State Grants | 6,491,956 | 6,447,416 | (44,540) | -0.69% |
| Contributions From Local Units | 1,266,281 | 2,070,732 | 804,451 | 63.53% |
| Charges for Services | 1,430,966 | 1,130,224 | (300,742) | -21.02% |
| Investment Earnings | 77,614 | 180,086 | 102,472 | 132.03% |
| Refunds and Rebates | - | 1,288 | 1,288 | 100.00% |
| Private Contributions | 3,284,091 | 1,335,383 | (1,948,708) | -59.34% |
| General Revenue | | | | |
| Gain on Equipment Disposal | 79,579 | 47,851 | (31,728) | -39.87% |
| Loss on Infrastructure Removal | (107,670) | | 107,670 | 100.00% |
| Total Revenue | 13,340,403 | 13,678,187 | 337,784 | 2.53% |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Primary Road Maintenance | 1,825,864 | 1,590,507 | 235,357 | 12.89% |
| Local Road Maintenance | 3,647,483 | 3,516,788 | 130,695 | 3.58% |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 1,332,074 | 1,076,419 | 255,655 | 19.19% |
| Net Equipment Expense | 118,372 | 510,744 | (392,372) | -331.47% |
| Net Administrative Expense | 475,290 | 595,140 | (119,850) | -25.22% |
| Infrastructure Depreciation | 3,603,328 | 3,540,917 | 62,411 | 1.73% |
| Work for Other Agencies | 182,657 | 160,148 | 22,509 | 12.32% |
| Drainage District | 41,659 | 37,305 | 4,354 | 10.45% |
| Compensated Absences | 44,009 | 48,748 | (4,739) | -10.77% |
| Interest Expense | 1,800 | 1,200 | 600 | 33.33% |
| Total Expenses | 11,272,536 | 11,077,916 | 194,620 | 1.73% |
| Increase in Net Assets Before Transfers | 2,067,867 | 2,600,271 | 143,164 | 6.92% |
| Transfers InPrimary Government | | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100.00% |
| Increase in Net Assets | 2,067,867 | 2,700,271 | \$ 243,164 | 11.76% |
| Ending Net Assets | \$ 52,837,768 | \$55,538,039 | | |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Road Commission's Fund

The Road Commission's General Operations Fund is used to control the expenditures of Michigan Transportation Fund monies distributed to the county that are earmarked by law for road and highway purposes.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, program revenues exceeded program expenditures by \$545,199 while 2006 resulted in an excess of \$60,518 of program revenue over program expenditures, mainly as a result of additional Federal grants and contributions from local units.

A summary of changes in the Operating Fund is as follows:

| | | | Favorable (Unfavorable) | Variance |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| _ | 2005 | 2006 | Variance | <u></u> % |
| Revenues | | | | |
| License and Permits | \$ 104,710 | \$ 79,065 | \$ (25,645) | -24.49% |
| Federal Grants | 712,876 | 2,386,142 | 1,673,266 | 234.72% |
| State Grants | 6,491,957 | 6,447,416 | (44,541) | -0.69% |
| Contributions From Local Units | 1,266,281 | 2,070,732 | 804,451 | 63.53% |
| Charges for Services | 1,430,965 | 1,130,223 | (300,742) | -21.02% |
| Investment Earnings | 77,614 | 180,086 | 102,472 | 132.03% |
| Other Revenue | 3,363,670 | 1,384,522 | (1,979,148) | -58.84% |
| Total Revenue | 13,448,073 | 13,678,186 | 230,113 | 1.71% |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Public Works | 12,324,735 | 13,008,509 | (683,774) | -5.55% |
| Capital Outlay | 568,839 | 600,459 | (31,620) | -5.56% |
| Debt Service | 9,300 | 8,700 | 600 | 6.45% |
| Total Expenditures | 12,902,874 | 13,617,668 | (714,794) | -5.54% |
| Excess of Revenues (Over) Under Expenditures | 545,199 | 60,518 | (484,681) | -88.90% |
| Other Financing Sources Transfers InPrimary Government | | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100.00% |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Over) Under Expenditures | 545,199 | 160,518 | (384,681) | -70.56% |
| Fund Balance Beginning | 3,617,466 | 4,162,665 | 545,199 | 15.07% |
| Fund Balance Ending | \$ 4,162,665 | \$4,323,183 | \$ 160,518 | 3.86% |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Budgetary Highlights

Prior to the beginning of any year, the Road Commission's budget is compiled based upon certain assumptions and facts available at that time. During the year, the Road Commission Board acts to amend its budget to reflect changes in these original assumptions utilizing facts and/or economic conditions that were unknown at the time the original budget was compiled. In addition, by policy, the board reviews and authorizes large expenditures when requested throughout the year.

The final amended revenue budget for 2006 was \$736,265 higher than the original budget, primarily due to subdivision roads constructed and placed in the public road system as well as additional maintenance work performed on the county road system, increased interest from return on investments, and increased township contributions. The actual revenue recognized during 2006 was less than the final amended budget by \$1,639,378, with \$1,182,534 of this amount as a result of Federal and State grant funded projects not being invoiced by Michigan Department of Transportation prior to the close of 2006.

The final amended expenditure budget for 2006 was \$416,074 higher than the original budget due mainly to an increase in primary road maintenance expenditures of \$740,640 and an increase in local road maintenance expenditures of \$742,977 as a result of additional routine maintenance work performed. The actual expenditures recognized during 2006 were less than the final amended budget by \$2,577,385. This deficit of expenditures over budgeted projections was due primarily to Federal aid road and bridge projects not completed in the amount of \$2,071,487.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2006, the Road Commission had \$51,904,268 invested in capital assets as follows:

| | 2005 | 2006 | Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance | Variance |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|----------|
| Capital Assets Not being Depreciated | | | | |
| Land | \$ 283,750 | \$ 283,750 | - | 0.00% |
| Land Improvements | 4,984,134 | 5,286,407 | \$ 302,273 | 6.06% |
| ROW Easements | 815,551 | 963,081 | 147,530 | 18.09% |
| Subtotal | 6,083,435 | 6,533,238 | 449,803 | 7.39% |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,735,798 | 1,735,798 | - | 0.00% |
| Depletable Assets | 63,115 | 63,115 | - | 0.00% |
| Equipment | 5,616,918 | 6,031,615 | 414,697 | 7.38% |
| Infrastructure | 69,971,707 | 72,397,496 | 2,425,789 | 3.47% |
| Subtotal | 77,387,538 | 80,228,024 | 2,840,486 | 3.67% |
| Total Capital Assets | 83,470,973 | 86,761,262 | 3,290,289 | 3.94% |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 34,147,707 | 34,856,994 | 1,515,343 | 4.44% |
| Total Net Capital Assets | \$49,323,266 | \$51,904,268 | \$1,774,946 | 3.60% |

During the current year, the Road Commission invested \$6,190,278 in infrastructure capital assets including the addition of 2.24 miles of newly constructed public roadway, and \$600,459 in other capital assets. The infrastructure recorded during 2006 will be depreciated in the following year. The infrastructure is financed through Federal, State and local contributions.

This year's major capital assets additions included the following:

| Various Resurfacing Projects and Related ROW | \$5,057,084 |
|--|-------------|
| Bridges | 992,620 |
| Traffic Signals | 140,574 |
| Trucks/Equipment | 595,632 |
| Office and Engineering Equipment | 4,827 |
| | |
| Total Additions | \$6,790,737 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During 2006, the Road Commission traded in and/or disposed of equipment with a purchase amount of \$185,763 and related depreciation of \$176,324 with a net book value of \$9,439. A total of \$3,314,686 of infrastructure assets, fully depreciated, was removed from the capital asset accounts.

In 2007, we are projecting the purchase of 1 backhoe, 1 grader, 1 small steel drum roller, 2 night patrol trucks, 1 wing kit for a grader, 4 ½-ton pickups, 1 arm mower, and 2 weighmaster scales for a total of \$492,900; shop equipment of 1 steam cleaner/pressure washer, 1 drill press, 1 welder/generator, 1 small fork lift for a total of \$16,500; office equipment of \$10,000; and the remaining water/sewer connection estimated at \$300,000 for a total of \$819,400.

Debt

At the end of the year, the Road Commission had paid \$7,500 in principal on a purchase agreement for gravel reducing the balance to \$7,500.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave in the amount of \$681,912 at the end of 2006.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Board of County Road Commissioners considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2007 budget. One of the factors is the economy. The Road Commission derives approximately 44% of its revenues from the fuel tax and license plate fees collected. Using Michigan Department of Transportation projections, it is estimated that the Road Commission will receive \$182,080 (3%) more Michigan Transportation Fund revenue in 2007. The Road Commission received approximately 14% of its revenues from township contributions during 2006, this amount fluctuates with the approved road projects and depends on what and how much the townships can afford to participate in. In 2006, we received 10% of our revenue from contractor built subdivision road donations. During 2007, we expect to receive \$5,964,457 in Federal and State aid for road projects if they are completed during the 2007 construction season. In 2005, the Board of Clinton County Road Commissioners authorized an actuarial valuation of all post employment benefits with a determined unfunded liability of \$10,671,863 with \$6,340,965 represented by current retirees and \$4,330,898 represented by current employees. The Board of Clinton County Road Commissioners has established a trust fund through Michigan Employees Retirement System for future employee retirement benefits with \$60,000 contributed to this fund in 2006 and \$60,000 to be contributed to this fund in 2007.

The above items were considered when adopting the budget for 2007. Amounts available for appropriation in the budget are \$15,720,508 representing an increase of .4% over the 2006 budget of \$15,778,980.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Contacting the Road Commission's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide the motoring public, citizens and other interested parties a general overview of the Road Commission's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Clinton County Road Commission Director of Finance at 3536 South BR-127, St. Johns, Michigan 48879.

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2006

EXHIBIT A

ASSETS

| Cash | \$ 3,572,243 |
|--|--------------|
| Accounts Receivable | |
| Sundry Accounts | 23,053 |
| StateTrunkline Maintenance | 99,356 |
| Michigan Transportation Fund | 937,417 |
| Inventories | |
| Road Materials | 312,805 |
| Equipment Parts and Materials | 108,558 |
| Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation) | 51,904,268 |
| | |
| Total Assets | 56,957,700 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | |
| Current Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | 75,645 |
| Due to State of Michigan | 79,239 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 47,621 |
| Performance Bonds Payable | 186,141 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | |
| State Trunkline Advances | 341,603 |
| Installment Purchase Agreements PayableDue Within One Year | 7,500 |
| Vested Employee Benefits Payable | 681,912 |
| 1 July 1 | |
| Total Liabilities | 1,419,661 |
| NET ASSETS | |
| Investment in Capital AssetsNet of Related Debt | 51,904,268 |
| Restricted for County Roads | 3,633,771 |
| • | |
| Total Net Assets | \$55,538,039 |

| STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES | EXHIBIT B |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2006 | |
| | |
| Program Expenses | ф. 1.500.50 5 |
| Primary Road Maintenance | \$ 1,590,507 |
| Local Road Maintenance | 3,516,788 |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 1,076,419 |
| Net Equipment Expense | 510,744 |
| Net Administrative Expense | 595,140 |
| Work for Other Agencies | 160,148 |
| Infrastructure Depreciation | 3,540,917 |
| Drainage District | 37,305 |
| Compensated Absences | 48,748 |
| Interest Expense | 1,200 |
| Total Program Expenses | 11,077,916 |
| Program Revenue | |
| Charges for Services | |
| Licenses and Permits | 79,065 |
| Charges for Services | 1,130,224 |
| Refunds and Reimbursements | 1,288 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | |
| Michigan Transportation Funds | 6,069,350 |
| Investment Earnings | 180,086 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | |
| Federal Grants | 2,386,142 |
| State Grants | 378,066 |
| Contributions From Local Units | 2,070,732 |
| Private Contributions | 1,335,383 |
| Total Program Revenue | 13,630,336 |
| | |
| Net Program Revenue | 2,552,420 |
| General Revenue | |
| Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets | 47,851 |
| Transfers InPrimary Government | 100,000 |
| Total General Revenues and Transfers | 147,851 |
| Change in Net Assets | 2,700,271 |
| Net Assets | |
| Beginning of Year | 52,837,768 |
| End of Year | \$ 55,538,039 |

EXHIBIT B

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION

| DECEMBER 31, 2000 | GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | General Operating Fund |
| <u>ASSETS</u> | |
| Cash Accounts Receivable | \$ 3,572,243 |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 99,356 |
| Michigan Transportation Fund | 937,417 |
| Sundry Accounts | 23,053 |
| Inventories | |
| Road Materials | 312,805 |
| Equipment Parts and Materials | 108,558 |
| Total Assets | \$ 5,053,432 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY | |
| Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 75,645 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 47,621 |
| Due to State of Michigan | 79,239 |
| Performance Bonds Payable | 186,141 |
| Advances From State | 341,603 |
| Total Liabilities | 730,249 |
| Fund Equities | |
| Fund Balance | |
| Reserved for Inventory | 421,363 |
| Unreserved and Undesignated | 3,901,820 |
| Total Fund Equities | 4,323,183 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Equities | \$ 5,053,432 |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

EXHIBIT D

| Total Governmental Fund Balance | \$ 4,323,183 |
|--|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activites are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 51,904,268 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | (689,412) |
| Net Assets of Governmental Activities | \$55,538,039 |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

EXHIBIT E

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Operating Fund |
|--|----------------|
| Revenues | |
| License and Permits | \$ 79,065 |
| Federal Grants | 2,386,142 |
| State Grants | 6,447,416 |
| Contributions From Local Units | 2,070,732 |
| Charges for Services | 1,130,223 |
| Interest and Rents | 180,086 |
| Other Revenue | 1,384,522 |
| Total Revenues | 13,678,186 |
| Expenditures | |
| Public Works | 13,008,509 |
| Capital Outlay | 600,459 |
| Debt Service | 8,700 |
| Total Expenditures | 13,617,668 |
| Excess of Revenues Over | |
| (Under) Expenditures | 60,518 |
| Other Financing Sources | |
| Transfers InPrimary Government | 100,000 |
| Total Other Financing Sources | 100,000 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing | |
| Sources Over Expenditures | 160,518 |
| Fund BalanceJanuary 1, 2006 | 4,162,665 |
| Fund BalanceDecember 31, 2006 | \$ 4,323,183 |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

EXHIBIT F

Net Change in Fund Balance--Total Governmental Funds

\$ 160,518

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Equipment retirement is recorded as an expenditure credit in governmental funds, but not recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities.

2,581,001

Lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but entering into lease agreements increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of notes/leases payable is an expenditure in governmental funds, but reduces the long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets

7,500

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase in compensated absenses and decrease in interest expense)

(48,748)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$2,700,271

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounting policies of the Clinton County Road Commission conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Clinton County Road Commission.

NOTE A--REPORTING ENTITY

The Clinton County Road Commission, which is established pursuant to the County Road Law (MCL 224.1), is governed by a 3-member board of county road commissioners appointed by the county board of commissioners. The Road Commission may not issue debt without the county's approval and property tax levies for road purposes are subject to county board of commissioners' approval.

The criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency and whether the financial statements would be misleading if the component unit data were not included. Based on the above criteria, these financial statements present the Clinton County Road Commission, a discretely presented component unit of Clinton County.

The Road Commission Operating Fund is used to control the expenditures of Michigan Transportation Fund monies distributed to the county, which are earmarked by law for street and highway purposes. The board of county road commissioners is responsible for the administration of the Road Commission Operating Fund.

NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation--Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the Clinton County Road Commission. There is only one fund reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the Road Commission's assets and liabilities with the difference being reported as either invested in capital assets--net of related debt, or restricted net assets.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation--Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for the Operating Fund (governmental fund). The Operating Fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting--Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods or services or privileges provided; and 2) Michigan Transportation Funds (MTF), State/Federal contracts and township contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Road Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting--Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Michigan Transportation Funds, grants, permits, township contributions and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Bank Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are priced at cost as determined by the average unit cost method. Inventory items are charged to road construction and maintenance, equipment repairs and operations, as used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items) are reported in the Operating Fund in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Clinton County Road Commission as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Schedule C equipment has no minimum cost. However, such assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost of purchase or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on the sum-of-the-years'-digits method for road equipment and straightline method for all other capital assets. The depreciation rates are designed to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 30 to 50 years
Road Equipment 5 to 8 years
Shop Equipment 10 years
Engineering Equipment 4 to 10 years
Office Equipment 4 to 10 years
Infrastructure--Roads 5 to 30 years
Infrastructure--Bridges 12 to 50 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Operating Fund Statement of Net Assets.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

In the fund financial statements, the transfers of cash between the various county funds are budgeted but reported separately from revenues and expenditures as operating transfers in or (out), unless they represent temporary advances that are to be repaid, in which case they are carried as assets and liabilities of the advancing or borrowing funds. In 2006, the Road Commission received a \$100,000 transfer from the primary government to purchase equipment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE C--STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Procedures

Budgetary procedures are established pursuant to Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, (MCL 141.421) which requires the county board of road commissioners to approve a budget for the County Road Fund. The Road Commission's chief fiscal administrative officer (Director of Finance) prepares and submits a proposed operating budget to the board of road commissioners for its review and consideration. The board conducts a public budget hearing and, subsequently, adopts an operating budget. Amendments to the budget are made only with board approval. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as the fund financial statements.

Budget Violations

Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, requires the adoption of a balanced budget for general and special revenue funds, as well as budget amendments as needed to prevent actual expenditures from exceeding those provided for in the budget. The Road Commission has not complied with certain provisions of the act.

The following activities exceeded the amended budget:

| | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) Variance |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| Local Road Structures | | | |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | \$ 29,011 | \$ 29,635 | \$ (624) |
| Equipment ExpenseNet | (56,104) | 510,744 | (566,848) |
| Administrative ExpenseNet | 386,359 | 595,140 | (208,781) |
| Work for Other Agencies | 126,022 | 160,148 | (34,126) |
| Drainage District | 37,058 | 37,305 | (247) |

NOTE D--CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits are carried at cost. Deposits of the County Road Fund are made in six banks in the name of the Clinton County Treasurer. Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended, authorizes the county treasurer to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities, and direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; and obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan. The Road Commission deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE D--CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The board of county road commissioners has adopted an investment policy similar to the county's policy in accordance with investment provisions in Public Act 20 of 1943.

The Road Commission's insured deposit amount results from the County Road Fund meeting certain specified criteria under FDIC regulations. The risk disclosures for the Road Commission deposits, as required by the GASB Statement No. 40, are as follows:

At year end (and during the year), the Road Commission did not have any investments other than long-term certificates of deposits, the deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

| Bank Deposits (Checking and Savings | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Accounts, Certificates of Deposits) | \$3,572,243 |
| | |
| Total | \$3,572,243 |

The bank balance of the Road Commission's deposits is \$3,692,945, of which \$600,000 is covered by Federal depository insurance.

Investments Authorized by the Road Commission's Investment Policy

The Road Commission's investment policy authorizes investment in all those that are authorized by law. As stated above, the Road Commission did not have any investments in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Road Commission's investment policy contains specific provisions to limit their exposure to credit risk.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Road Commission's investment policy contains specific provisions to limit their exposure to interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE D--CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer where the investment is 5% or greater.

The Road Commission's investment policy requires assets to be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration in a specific maturity, individual financial institution(s) or a specific class of securities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Michigan law does not contain requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the asset diversification requirements included in the Road Commission's investment policy would limit, to some extent, exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits.

NOTE E--LONG-TERM DEBT

The long-term debt of the Road Commission may be summarized as follows:

| | Balance 01/01/06 | Additions (Reductions) | Balance 12/31/06 | Due Within One Year |
|---|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Installment Purchase Contract \$75,500 Dated December 15, 1998 | \$ 15,000 | \$ (7,500) | \$ 7,500 | \$7,500 |
| Vested Employee Benefits Vacation, Sick Leave and Longevity | 633,164 | 48,748 | 681,912 | |
| Totals | \$648,164 | \$41,248 | \$689,412 | \$7,500 |

Installment Purchase Contract

The installment purchase contract was entered into for aggregate sand and gravel. The agreement bears interest at 8% per annum and is payable as follows:

| Year | Principal | Interest | Total |
|-------|-----------|----------|---------|
| 2007 | \$7,500 | \$ 600 | \$8,100 |
| Total | \$7,500 | \$ 600 | \$8,100 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE E--LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Vested Employee Benefits Payable

| | Balances | Additions | Balances |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | 01/01/06 | (Reductions) | 12/31/06 |
| Vested Employee Benefits | | | |
| Vacation Benefits | \$154,241 | \$12,861 | \$167,102 |
| Sick Leave Benefits | 349,429 | 21,886 | 371,315 |
| Longevity | 129,494 | 14,001 | 143,495 |
| | | | |
| Total | \$633,164 | \$48,748 | \$681,912 |

Vacation Benefits

Road Commission employment policies provide for vacation benefits to be earned in varying amounts depending on the number of years of service of an employee. Benefits earned by each employee are credited annually to his or her account on the anniversary date of employment. The maximum allowable accumulation is 248 hours for administrative employees and 240 hours for union employees. For administrative and office union employees, up to one-half of their accumulated vacation hours may be converted to cash within 6 months of their anniversary date. Road union employees may convert to cash in the week after their anniversary date. Union office and administrative employees would be paid zero if they leave without notice.

Sick Leave Benefits

The Road Commission's employment policies provide that every regular employee shall earn sick leave with pay at the rate of 2 hours per week, not to exceed 104 hours per year, with a maximum accumulation of 1,360 hours. Upon retirement or death, an employee shall be paid for all unused sick leave. One-half of accumulated sick leave shall be paid upon resignation of an employee. Payments to the employee or the named beneficiary shall be made at the prevailing rate of pay at the time of employment termination. Sick leave is recorded at 100% of maximum payable leave. Union office and administrative employees would be paid zero if they leave without notice.

Longevity Benefits

Administrative employees accumulate longevity of 24 to 48 hours per year, not to exceed 1,056 hours maximum. Payment can be made at separation after 5 years of service. Longevity is recorded at 100% of maximum payable. Longevity is earned and can be sold on the anniversary date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE F--CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in the capital assets:

| | Account | | | Account |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | Balances 01/01/06 | Additions | Deductions | Balances 12/31/06 |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 01/01/00 | Additions | Deductions | 12/31/00 |
| Land | \$ 283,750 | | | \$ 283,750 |
| InfrastructureLand/Right-of-Way | 815,552 | \$ 147,529 | | 963,081 |
| InfrastructureLand Improvements | 4,984,134 | 302,273 | | 5,286,407 |
| minustractore Land improvements | 1,501,131 | 302,273 | | 3,200,107 |
| Subtotal | 6,083,436 | 449,802 | \$ - | 6,533,238 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,735,798 | | | 1,735,798 |
| Road Equipment | 5,406,805 | 595,632 | 174,051 | 5,828,386 |
| Shop Equipment | 72,560 | | | 72,560 |
| Office Equipment | 104,662 | 4,828 | 11,712 | 97,778 |
| Engineers' Equipment | 22,684 | | | 22,684 |
| Yard Equipment | 10,207 | | | 10,207 |
| Depletable Assets | 63,115 | | | 63,115 |
| InfrastructureBridges | 23,545,998 | 992,620 | 194,813 | 24,343,805 |
| InfrastructureRoads | 46,196,057 | 4,607,281 | 3,119,873 | 47,683,465 |
| InfrastructureTraffic Signals | 229,652 | 140,574 | | 370,226 |
| Total | 77,387,538 | 6,340,935 | 3,500,449 | 80,228,024 |
| Less Accumlated Depreciation | | | | |
| Buildings | 871,652 | 44,417 | | 916,069 |
| Road Equipment | 4,072,308 | 596,471 | 166,680 | 4,502,099 |
| Shop Equipment | 48,706 | 3,916 | | 52,622 |
| Office Equipment | 78,316 | 12,865 | 9,644 | 81,537 |
| Engineer's Equipment | 19,536 | 691 | | 20,227 |
| Yard Equipment | 1,787 | 1,020 | | 2,807 |
| Reserve for Depletable Assets | 40,473 | | | 40,473 |
| InfrastructureBridges | 11,464,101 | 457,969 | 194,813 | 11,727,257 |
| InfrastructureRoads | 17,542,575 | 3,082,635 | 3,119,873 | 17,505,337 |
| InfrastructureTraffic Signals | 8,253 | 313 | | 8,566 |
| Total | 34,147,707 | 4,200,297 | 3,491,010 | 34,856,994 |
| Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated | 43,239,831 | 6,340,935 | 4,209,736 | 45,371,030 |
| Total Net Capital Assets | \$ 49,323,267 | \$ 6,790,737 | \$4,209,736 | \$51,904,268 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE F--CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following activities:

| | Amount |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Net Equipment Expense | |
| Direct Equipment | \$ 596,471 |
| Indirect Equipment | |
| Buildings | 27,770 |
| Shop Equipment | 4,937 |
| Distributive Expense | |
| Buildings | 12,496 |
| Net Administrative Expense | |
| Buildings | 4,150 |
| Engineers Equipment | 691 |
| Office Equipment and Furniture | 12,865 |
| Infrastructure | 3,540,917 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$4,200,297 |

NOTE G--DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Clinton County Board of Road Commissioners offers all Road Commission employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), Section 457 with Public Employees' Benefit Services Corporation (PEBSCO). The assets of the plans were held in a trust, custodial account or annuity contract described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their beneficiaries. The custodial account is held by the custodian thereof for the exclusive benefit of the participants and beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time to the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account, and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32 requirements, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Road Commission's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE H--EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

The Clinton County Road Commission is in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). The system provides the following provisions: normal retirement, deferred retirement, service retirement allowance, disability retirement allowance, nonduty-connected death, duty-connected death, and post-retirement adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. The service requirement for all qualified employees is computed using credited service at the time of termination of membership multiplied by the sum of 2.5% times the final average compensation (FAC) with 5-year averaging for office and road union and 3-year averaging for administrative, with a maximum benefit of 80% of the FAC. Administrative retirees have a benefit 'E-1 and E-2' plan allowing for a 2.5% annual increase. The most recent period for which actuarial data was available was for the year ended December 31, 2005.

MERS was organized pursuant to Section 12a of Public Act 156 of 1851, as amended, (MCL 46.12a) State of Michigan. MERS is regulated under Public Act 427 of 1984, sections of which have been approved by the State Pension Commission. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy

The Road Commission is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Based on the 2003 actuarial valuation, the 2005 rate for general-union/AFLCIO, administrative salary and administrative hourly employees was 7.55%, 12.40% and 7.43%, respectively, of annual compensation. For 2006, the actuarial valuation was based on the 2004 rate for general-union/AFLCIO, administrative salary and administrative hourly employees which was 9.27%, 12.80% and 6.59%, respectively, of annual compensation. Each member is required to contribute 3% of his or her annual compensation and 3% was paid by the employees for both years.

Annual Pension Cost

During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Road Commission's contributions totaled \$224,418 and the employee contributions totaled \$74,327, and were made in accordance with contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of December 31, 2003, and 3% employee share. The employer contribution rate has been determined based on the entry age normal funding method. Under the entry age normal cost funding method, the total employer contribution is comprised of the normal cost plus the level annual percentage of payroll payment required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years. The employer normal cost is, for each employee, the level percentage of payroll contribution (from entry age to retirement) required to accumulate sufficient assets at the member's retirement to pay for his or her projected benefit. During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Road Commission contributed \$235,138 and the employees contributed \$73,052. Based on the 2004 actuarial valuation the Road Commission was required to contribute an estimated \$248,100 for the 2006 fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE H--EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Significant actuarial assumptions used include a long-term investment yield rate of 8% and annual salary increases of 4.5% based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases.

Three Year Trend Information for GASB Statement No. 27

| | Year | Annual | Percentage | Net |
|---|-------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| | Ended | Pension | Of APC | Pension |
| | December 31 | Cost (APC) | Contributed | Obligation |
| Ī | 2002 | * 251222 | 1000/ | Φ0 |
| | 2003 | \$ 254,222 | 100% | \$0 |
| | 2004 | 275,439 | 100% | \$0 |
| | 2005 | 298,745 | 100% | \$0 |

Required Supplementary Information for GASB Statement No. 27

| Actuarial Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | Underfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) | Funded Ratio | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 12/31/03 | \$ 9,474,982 | \$10,688,081 | \$ 1,213,099 | 89% | \$ 2,401,406 | 51% |
| 12/31/04 | 9,824,701 | 11,443,164 | 1,618,463 | 86% | 2,411,623 | 67% |
| 12/31/05 | 10,178,132 | 12,843,023 | 2,664,891 | 79% | 2,448,290 | 109% |

NOTE I--POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Road Commission agrees to pay the full premium for hospitalization medical coverage for retired employees and their spouses, in accordance with the agreement between the Road Commission management and the American Federation of State, county, and municipal employees, AFL-CIO Office Union employees must retire with a minimum of 25 years of service and age 55 to be eligible for Road Commission paid health insurance for the retiree and spouse. If the retired employee wishes to purchase full family coverage, he shall pay the difference between the two-person and the full family rate. This provision applies to employees who retire after January 1, 1975 and who qualify under the MERS retirement program. Upon death of the retired employee, the Road Commission agrees to continue the above stated hospitalization insurance for the surviving spouse. For administrative employees, the Road Commission agrees to pay the full premium for hospitalization medical coverage for retired employees and their spouses. If an employee dies with 20 years service time, the spouse is covered. Expenditures are recognized on a pay as you go basis as premiums come due. During 2006, 41 retirees and/or spouses were eligible for benefits, and \$469,257 was recognized for post-employment health insurance expenditures in the Road Commission Operating Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE I--POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The Road Commission also provides dental and vision coverage for retirees and their spouses and supplemental insurance for Medicare eligible retirees and spouses. The cost of dental, vision and Medicare supplemental insurance coverage is included in total health insurance expenditures reported in the preceding paragraph.

Contributions made to the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund are recognized as expenditures in the Road Commission Operating Fund at the time the contribution is made. During the year, post-employment expenditures were \$60,000 for contributions made to the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund. In preparation for the upcoming reporting change discussed below, the Road Commission established a plan to hold and invest monies that will be used to fund future retiree health care benefit obligations. During 2006, the Road Commission established a trust and made an initial contribution of \$60,000 to the trust as explained above, and the trust had investment earnings of \$4,170, less fees of \$99 resulting in a December 31, 2006 balance of \$64,071. The Road Commission has excluded the retiree health care benefit plan from the December 31, 2006 financial statements. The Road Commission is not required to begin including the plan in its financial statements until 2008 as described below.

Upcoming Reporting Change--In 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care expenses over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care expenses are paid. For the Clinton County Road Commission, the pronouncement is effective for the year ending December 31, 2008.

NOTE J--RISK MANAGEMENT

The Road Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries, as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Road Commission has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits' claims and participates in the Michigan County Road Commission Self-Insurance Pool for claims relating to general liability, excess liability, auto liability, trunkline liability, errors and omissions, physical damage (equipment, buildings and contents) and workers' compensation. Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The county road commissions in the State of Michigan established and created a trust fund, known as the Michigan County Road Commission Self-Insurance Pool (Pool) pursuant to the provisions of PA 138 of 1982. The Pool is to provide for joint and cooperative action relative to members' financial and administrative resources for the purpose of providing risk management services along with property and liability protection. Membership is restricted to road commissions and related road commission activities with the State.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE J--RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Michigan County Road Commission Self-Insurance Pool Program (Pool) operates as a common risk-sharing management program for road commissions in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts. If for any reason the Pool's resources available to pay losses are depleted, the payment of all unpaid losses of the member is the sole obligation of the member.

NOTE K--CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Road Commission, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The Road Commission's insurance carrier estimates that the potential claims against the Road Commission, not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation, would not materially affect the financial statements of the Road Commission.

NOTE L--FEDERAL GRANTS

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) requires that road commissions report all Federal and State grants pertaining to their county. During the calendar year ended December 31, 2006, the Federal Aid received and expended by the Road Commission was \$2,386,142 for contracted projects. Contracted projects are defined as projects performed by private contractors paid for and administrated by MDOT. The contracted Federal projects are not subject to single audit requirements by the road commissions, as they are included in MDOT's single audit.

During the calendar year ended December 31, 2006, the Road Commission did not receive any Federal grants for negotiated projects. Negotiated projects are projects that are performed by the Road Commission and are subject to single audit requirements, if the amount expended is \$500,000 or more. A single audit was not performed during for the calendar year ended December 31, 2006.

NOTE M--STATE TRUNKLINE MAINTENANCE REVENUE

The difference between the State Trunkline Maintenance revenues of \$1,023,959 and expenditures of \$1,038,054 is the result of the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) Trunkline Maintenance audit for the 2003 and 2004 calendar years, which resulted in a refund due to the State of \$110,627. Because the Road Commission had previously recorded a liability of \$97,115 for an estimated refund due to MDOT for trunkline maintenance, the net effect of the audit related adjustments to 2006 Trunkline Maintenance revenues was \$13,512. The remaining \$583 difference was due to fringe benefit costs expended but not reported to MDOT in October 2006.

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Original Adopted Budget | Final Amended Budget | Actual | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| License and Permits Permits | \$ 98,000 | \$ 83,300 | \$ 79,065 | \$ (4,235) |
| Federal Grants | | | | |
| Surface Transportation Program | 1,665,979 | 1,528,486 | 1,205,506 | (322,980) |
| Hazard Elimination Safety | 409,672 | 409,672 | 88,506 | (321,166) |
| Critical Bridge | 621,202 | 724,852 | 638,626 | (86,226) |
| Congestion/Air Quality | 160,800 | 199,043 | 38,192 | (160,851) |
| Economic D Funds | 578,733 | 578,733 | 415,312 | (163,421) |
| State Grants | | | | |
| Michigan Transportation Fund | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10.000 | |
| Engineering | 10,000 3,455,800 | 10,000 3,559,800 | 10,000 | (70.025) |
| Primary Road Local Road | 3,433,800 1,964,500 | 2,009,500 | 3,479,865 1,909,548 | (79,935) (99,952) |
| Primary Urban Road | 419,200 | 484,900 | 484,809 | (99,932) |
| Local Urban Road | 149,700 | 185,700 | 185,128 | (572) |
| Critical Bridge | 116,475 | 123,449 | 119,742 | (3,707) |
| Economic Development Funds | 110,475 | 123,449 | 117,742 | (3,707) |
| Rural Primary "D" Funds | 26,942 | 7,508 | _ | (7,508) |
| Urban Area "F" Funds | 375,000 | 375,000 | 258,324 | (116,676) |
| ContributionsLocal Units | | | | |
| Cities and Villages | 4,000 | 61,998 | 61,962 | (36) |
| Townships | 1,600,000 | 1,919,461 | 1,919,461 | - |
| Other | 9,800 | 89,320 | 89,309 | (11) |
| Charges for Services | | | | |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 1,248,026 | 1,245,168 | 1,023,959 | (221,209) |
| State Trunkline Nonmaintenance | - | 38,366 | 38,365 | (1) |
| Salvage Sales | 3,600 | 7,459 | 7,384 | (75) |
| Service Charges | 84,230 | 91,109 | 60,515 | (30,594) |
| Interest and Rents | | | | |
| Interest Earned | 60,000 | 182,560 | 173,811 | (8,749) |
| Property Rentals | 4,640 | 6,275 | 6,275 | - |
| Other Revenue | | | | |
| Private Contributions | 1,500,000 | 1,335,400 | 1,335,383 | (17) |
| Gain on Equipment Disposal | 114,000 | 58,000 | 47,851 | (10,149) |
| Gain on Surplus Property Disposal | 1,000 | 1,217 | - | (1,217) |
| Refunds and Reimbursements | - | 1,288 | 1,288 | <u>-</u> |
| Total Operating Revenue | 14,681,299 | 15,317,564 | 13,678,186 | (1,639,378) |
| Other Financing Sources | | | | |
| Transfers InPrimary Government | | 100,000 | 100,000 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources | | 100,000 | 100,000 | |
| Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources | 14,681,299 | 15,417,564 | \$ 13,778,186 | \$(1,639,378) |
| Fund BalanceJanuary 1, 2006 | 2,119,732 | 2,672,441 | | |
| Total Budget | \$16,801,031 | \$18,090,005 | | |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Original | Final | | Variance |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Adopted | Amended | | Favorable |
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | (Unfavorable) |
| Primary Road | | | | |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | \$ 4,167,900 | \$ 4,793,445 | \$ 2,969,092 | \$1,824,353 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 1,311,600 | 2,050,614 | 1,590,122 | 460,492 |
| Local Road | | | | |
| Construction/Capacity Improvements | 1,500,000 | 1,515,665 | 1,325,859 | 189,806 |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | 422,900 | 946,110 | 902,706 | 43,404 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 3,009,220 | 3,778,186 | 3,487,153 | 291,033 |
| Primary Road Structure | | | | |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | - | 50,097 | 49,562 | 535 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 10,134 | 11,760 | 385 | 11,375 |
| Local Road Structure | | | | |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | 837,790 | 956,448 | 943,058 | 13,390 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 55,000 | 29,011 | 29,635 | (624) |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 1.248.026 | 1.248.026 | 1.038.054 | 209.972 |

| Primary Road | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | \$ 4,167,900 | \$ 4,793,445 | | \$ 2,969,092 | \$1,824,353 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 1,311,600 | 2,050,614 | | 1,590,122 | 460,492 |
| Local Road | | | | | |
| Construction/Capacity Improvements | 1,500,000 | 1,515,665 | | 1,325,859 | 189,806 |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | 422,900 | 946,110 | | 902,706 | 43,404 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 3,009,220 | 3,778,186 | | 3,487,153 | 291,033 |
| Primary Road Structure | | | | | |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | - | 50,097 | | 49,562 | 535 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 10,134 | 11,760 | | 385 | 11,375 |
| Local Road Structure | | | | | |
| Preservation/Structural Improvements | 837,790 | 956,448 | | 943,058 | 13,390 |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 55,000 | 29,011 | | 29,635 | (624) |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | 1,248,026 | 1,248,026 | | 1,038,054 | 209,972 |
| State Trunkline Nonmaintenance | - | 38,366 | | 38,365 | 1 |
| Equipment ExpenseNet | (544,590) | (56,104) | | | |
| Direct | , , | , , | \$1,080,103 | | |
| Indirect | | | 709,786 | | |
| Operating | | | 362,592 | | |
| Less: Equipment Rentals | | | (1,641,737) | 510,744 | (566,848) |
| Distributive Expense | 2,521,000 | - | | | - |
| Administrative ExpenseNet | 358,952 | 386,359 | | | |
| Administrative Expense | | | 691,799 | | |
| Less: Handling Charges | | | (238) | | |
| OverheadState | | | (90,605) | | |
| OverheadOther | | | (249) | | |
| Purchase Discounts | | | (5,567) | 595,140 | (208,781) |
| Work for Other Agencies | 10,000 | 126,022 | | 160,148 | (34,126) |
| Capital OutlayNet | 275,289 | 275,290 | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | 600,459 | | |
| Less: Depreciation Credits | | | (659,380) | | |
| Equipment Retirements | | | (9,439) | (68,360) | 343,650 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Principal | 7,500 | 7,500 | | 7,500 | - |
| Interest | 1,200 | 1,200 | | 1,200 | - |
| Drainage District | 37,058 | 37,058 | | 37,305 | (247) |
| Contingencies | 550,000 | | | - | |
| Total Expenditures | 15,778,979 | 16,195,053 | | \$13,617,668 | \$2,577,385 |
| Fund BalanceDecember 31, 2006 | 1,022,052 | 1,994,952 | | | |
| Total Budget | \$ 16,801,031 | \$ 18,190,005 | | | |
| | | | | | |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Primary Road Fund | Local Road Fund | County Road Commission | Total |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Total Revenues | \$ 6,055,742 | \$ 6,237,130 | \$1,385,314 | \$13,678,186 |
| Total Expenditures | 4,956,773 | 7,351,794 | 1,309,101 | 13,617,668 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 1,098,969 | (1,114,664) | 76,213 | 60,518 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers InPrimary Government Optional Transfers | (1,189,402) | 1,189,402 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,189,402) | 1,189,402 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources and (Uses) | (90,433) | 74,738 | 176,213 | 160,518 |
| Fund BalanceJanuary 1, 2006 | 1,296,752 | 879,573 | 1,986,340 | 4,162,665 |
| Fund BalanceDecember 31, 2006 | \$ 1,206,319 | \$ 954,311 | \$2,162,553 | \$ 4,323,183 |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION ANALYSIS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Primary Road Fund | Local Road Fund | County Road Commission | Total |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| License and Permits | | | | |
| Permits | \$ 24,629 | \$ 16,706 | \$ 37,730 | \$ 79,065 |
| Federal Grants | | | | |
| Surface Transportation Program | 1,205,506 | | | 1,205,506 |
| Hazard Elimination Safety | 88,506 | | | 88,506 |
| Critical Bridge | | 638,626 | | 638,626 |
| Congestion/Air Quality | 38,192 | | | 38,192 |
| Economic D Funds | 415,312 | | | 415,312 |
| State Grants | | | | |
| Michigan Transportation Fund | | | | |
| Engineering | 6,457 | 3,543 | | 10,000 |
| Allocation | 3,479,865 | 1,909,548 | | 5,389,413 |
| Urban Roads | 484,809 | 185,128 | | 669,937 |
| Critical Bridge | | 119,742 | | 119,742 |
| Economic Development Funds | 250 224 | | | 270 221 |
| Urban Area "F" Funds | 258,324 | | | 258,324 |
| ContributionsLocal Units | | | | |
| Cities and Villages | | | 61,962 | 61,962 |
| Townships | | 1,919,461 | | 1,919,461 |
| Other | | 72,267 | 17,042 | 89,309 |
| Charges for Services | | | | |
| State Trunkline Maintenance | | | 1,023,959 | 1,023,959 |
| State Trunkline Nonmaintenance | | | 38,365 | 38,365 |
| Salvage Sales | | | 7,384 | 7,384 |
| Service Charges | | | 60,515 | 60,515 |
| Interest and Rents | | | | |
| Interest Earned | 54,142 | 36,726 | 82,943 | 173,811 |
| Property Rentals | , | 23,123 | 6,275 | 6,275 |
| Other Revenue | | | | |
| Private Contributions | | 1,335,383 | | 1,335,383 |
| Gain on Equipment Disposal | | 1,333,363 | 47,851 | 47,851 |
| Refunds and Reimbursements | | | 1,288 | 1,288 |
| retunds and remoursements | | | 1,200 | 1,200 |
| Total Operating Revenue | 6,055,742 | 6,237,130 | 1,385,314 | 13,678,186 |
| Other Financing Sources | | | | |
| Transfers InPrimary Government | | | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| | | | - , | ,- |
| Total Other Financing Sources | | - | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources | \$6,055,742 | \$6,237,130 | \$1,485,314 | \$ 13,778,186 |
| 5 | | | · · · · · | |

CLINTON COUNTY ROAD COMMISSION ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

| | Primary Road Fund | Local Road Fund | County Road Commission | Total |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Primary Road Preservation/Structural Improvements Routine and Preventive Maintenance | \$2,969,092 1,590,122 | | | \$ 2,969,092 1,590,122 |
| Local Road Construction/Capacity Improvements Preservation/Structural Improvements Routine and Preventive Maintenance | | \$1,325,859 902,706 3,487,153 | | 1,325,859 902,706 3,487,153 |
| Primary Road Structures Preservation/Structural Improvements Routine and Preventive Maintenance | 49,562 385 | | | 49,562 385 |
| Local Road Structures Preservation/Structural Improvements Routine and Preventive Maintenance | | 943,058 29,635 | | 943,058 29,635 |
| State Trunkline Maintenance State Trunkline Nonmaintenance | | | \$1,038,054 38,365 | 1,038,054 38,365 |
| Equipment ExpenseNet (Per Exhibit H) | 93,543 | 285,377 | 131,824 | 510,744 |
| Administrative ExpenseNet (Per Exhibit H) | 242,804 | 352,336 | | 595,140 |
| Work for Other Agencies | | | 160,148 | 160,148 |
| Capital OutlayNet (Per Exhibit H) | | | (68,360) | (68,360) |
| Debt Service Principal Interest | | | 7,500 1,200 | 7,500 1,200 |
| Drainage District | 11,265 | 25,670 | 370 | 37,305 |
| Total Expenditures | \$4,956,773 | \$7,351,794 | \$1,309,101 | \$13,617,668 |



JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM
GOVERNOR

ROBERT J. KLEINE STATE TREASURER

March 5, 2007

Clinton County Road Commission Board of County Road Commissioners 3535 South US 27 St. Johns, Michigan 48879

RE: Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Dear Board Members:

We have audited the financial statements of the Clinton County Road Commission, a component unit of Clinton County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Clinton County Road Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County Road Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County Road Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Road Commission's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Road Commission's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Road Commission's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Road Commission's internal control.

Clinton County Road Commission March 5, 2007 Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clinton County Road Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted a certain matter that we reported to the management of the Clinton County Road Commission in the accompanying Comments and Recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Clinton County Board of Road Commissioners, the Road Commission's management and others within the Road Commission and Federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cary Jay Vaughn, CPA, CGFM

Audit Manager

150/2

Local Audit and Finance Division

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH STATE STATUTES

Our examination revealed the following instance of noncompliance with State statutes.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations--County Road Fund

Finding 06-1

Condition: Our examination of procedures used by the Road Commission to adopt and maintain operating budgets for the County Road Fund revealed the following instances of noncompliance with the provisions of Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act.

The Road Commission's 2006 General Appropriations Act (budget) provided for expenditures of the General Operating Fund to be controlled to the activity level by the Road Commission.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, expenditures were incurred in excess of amounts appropriated in the amended budget as follows:

| Fund, Function and/or Activity | Budget | Actual | Variance |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Local Road Structures | | | |
| Routine and Preventive Maintenance | \$ 29,011 | \$ 29,635 | \$ (624) |
| Equipment ExpenseNet | (56,104) | 510,744 | (566,848) |
| Administrative ExpenseNet | 386,359 | 595,140 | (208,781) |
| Work for Other Agencies | 126,022 | 160,148 | (34,126) |
| Drainage District | 37,058 | 37,305 | (247) |

Criteria: The expenditure of funds in excess of appropriations is contrary to the provisions of Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended.

Recommendation: We recommend that Road Commission administrative personnel responsible for administering the activities of the Road Commission develop budgetary control procedures which will ensure that expenditures do not exceed amounts authorized in the General Appropriations Act or amendments thereof.